

1

Answer the following questions in your own words.

1. What jobs did Mozart's father have? **composer, violin teacher, leader of a local orchestra**
2. What instruments did Mozart play when he was a child? **harpsichord, piano**
3. When did he compose his first symphonies? **at 9**
4. Why didn't young Wolfgang go to school? **his father taught him languages, geography, history, maths and music**
5. What kind of family did Mozart come from? Describe. **a loving family; close to his mother, played duets with his sister; father taught him a lot and guided him through life and how to behave**
6. How did Mozart get into contact with musicians from other countries? **his father took him on concert tours across Europe**
7. What happened when Mozart came back to Salzburg? **he worked for the archbishop**
8. What kind of life did Mozart lead in Vienna? Why did he go there? **music was very important in Vienna; he gave piano lessons and conducted his own works**
9. What is a symphony? **a longer piece of music, usually in four parts**
10. Name a few of Mozart's famous operas. **Don Giovanni, Magic Flute, Marriage of Figaro**
11. What kind of serious music did Mozart write? **masses for dead people (requiem), concertos and symphonies in the latter part of his life**
12. What is a string quartet? **4 people who play musical instruments with strings**
13. Describe Mozart's musical style? **cheerful, full of life, rhythmic**
14. Who was Ludwig Köchel? **a German music lover; he collected and numbered all of Mozart's works in a catalogue**

## WOLFGANG AMADEUS MOZART – KEY

2

Match the words on the left with the definitions on the right.

<b>A</b>	archbishop	<b>B</b>	to stand in front of musicians or singers and direct them
<b>B</b>	conduct	<b>K</b>	music that is played in church
<b>C</b>	compose	<b>O</b>	place near your home or neighbourhood
<b>D</b>	genius	<b>F</b>	to play music in front of people
<b>E</b>	harpsichord	<b>H</b>	four people who play musical instrument with strings
<b>F</b>	perform	<b>Q</b>	member of the highest social class, usually with a title
<b>G</b>	movement	<b>N</b>	like
<b>H</b>	string quartet	<b>E</b>	an instrument like a small piano; used up to the 18 <sup>th</sup> century
<b>I</b>	serious	<b>R</b>	musical instrument that looks like a thin pipe
<b>J</b>	overture	<b>A</b>	the highest priest of a country
<b>K</b>	requiem	<b>P</b>	lead
<b>L</b>	nickname	<b>J</b>	a short piece of music that comes before a longer piece
<b>M</b>	care about	<b>G</b>	one part of a longer piece of music
<b>N</b>	enjoy	<b>I</b>	not light or cheerful
<b>O</b>	local	<b>C</b>	to write music
<b>P</b>	guide	<b>L</b>	a name that is given to something or someone
<b>Q</b>	nobleman	<b>M</b>	if you think that something is important
<b>R</b>	flute	<b>S</b>	ceremony in church, usually on Sundays
<b>S</b>	mass	<b>D</b>	a person who is very intelligent or can do something better than others

## WOLFGANG AMADEUS MOZART – KEY

3

TRUE or FALSE ?

	T	F
Mozart only composed operas and symphonies		✓
Mozart died before his 36 <sup>th</sup> birthday.	✓	
Young Wolfgang went to school in many European countries.		✓
He gave public performances while he travelled across Europe.	✓	
He left Salzburg because he wanted to play for the archbishop of Vienna.		✓
Mozart's father was a violin teacher.	✓	
The first instrument Wolfgang played was the harpsichord.	✓	
He made a lot of money during his stay in Vienna.		✓
Mozart's last symphony was named Jupiter.	✓	

4

Explain in your own words

string quartet **4 people who play on musical instruments with strings**

overture **a shorter piece of music that comes before a longer piece**

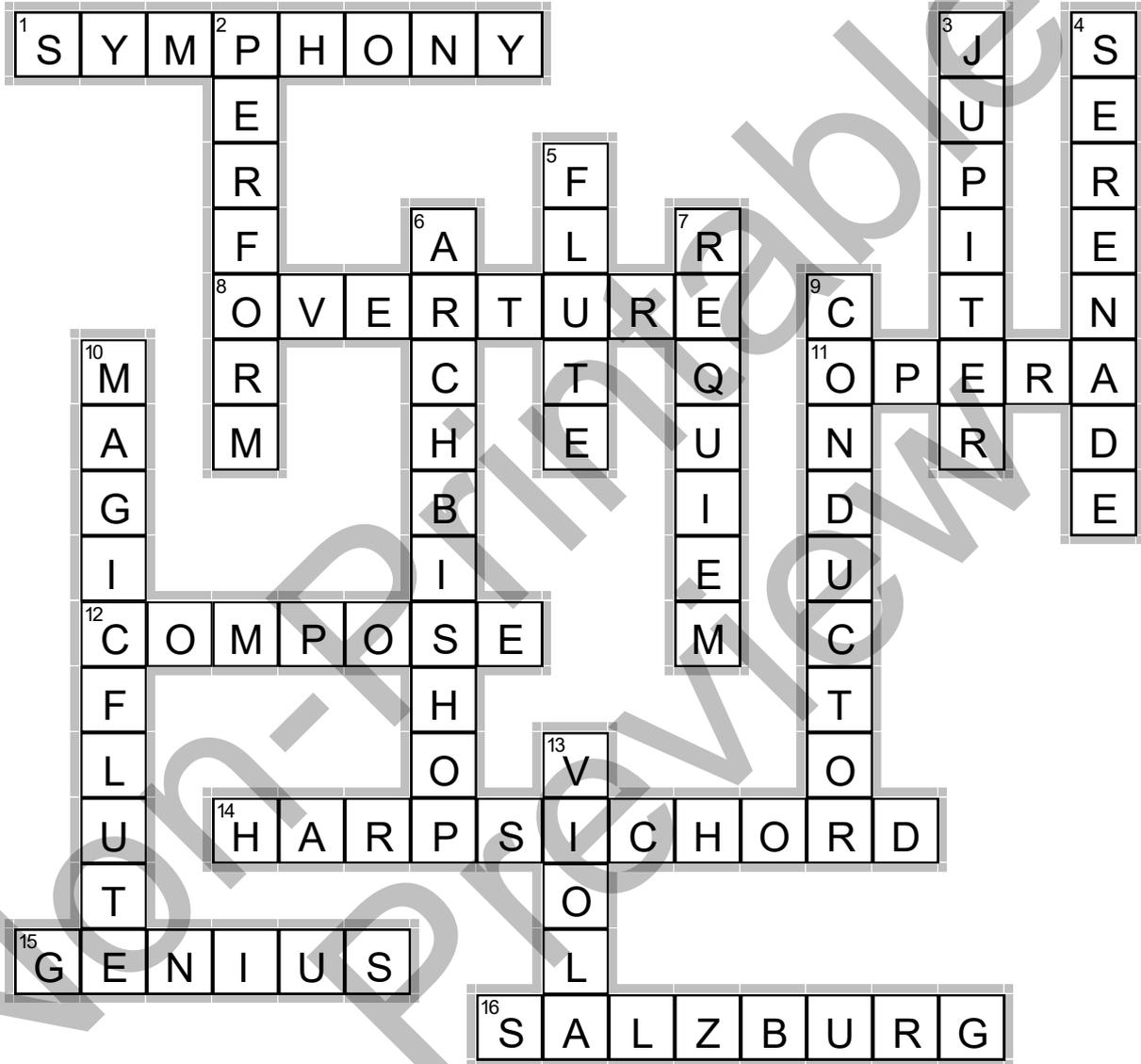
Köchelverzeichnis **a numbered catalogue of all of Mozart's works**

requiem **a mass for dead people**

archbishop **the highest priest of a country**

harpsichord **an instrument like a small piano; used up to the 18th century**

composer **a person who writes music**



6

Find 12 words from the text and mark them. (→ ↓ ↘ ↙ ← ↑)

P P S A L Z B U R G O  
 F N I O V E R T U R E  
 Y C F A U H M H V O D  
 S G O W N D B U I R O  
 T E N N E O E E O C S  
 P N R N C P H S L H E  
 E I K E R E Q U I E M  
 J U A U N R R I N S O  
 U S M O Z A R T M T H  
 O E V F S C D U N R M  
 Y I Q U A R T E T A B

## WOLFGANG AMADEUS MOZART – KEY

7

Fill in the words from the box to complete the text. There are THREE words you will not need.

Mozart was a (1) **composer** who wrote music for all (2) **age** groups. His style was light and (3) **rhythmic**. He wrote over 40 (4) **symphonies**; his last one was nicknamed the Jupiter.

Some of his (5) **operas** have become famous all over the world. He even wrote some with Italian words. One of his best-known operas is the Magic (6) **Flute**.

Mozart also wrote (7) **serious** music in his later years. Some of these works were (8) **performed** at (9) **masses** in church. His best-known work is the Requiem, but he couldn't (10) **finish** it because he died early.

Mozart was (11) **fond** of writing string quartets - pieces of music for four people who play string (12) **instruments**.

After his death, Ludwig Köchel, a German music lover (13) **collected** and numbered all of Mozart's works in the *Köchelverzeichnis*.



age  
collected  
composer  
conductor  
finish  
flute  
fond  
instruments  
masses  
operas  
overtures  
performed  
rhythmic  
serenades  
serious  
symphonies